AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS

 (Previously Presented) X-radiation imagery device comprising at least one detection matrix made of a semiconducting material, said detection matrix comprising: pixels to convert incident X-photons into electric charges;

an electric charges reading panel including a plurality of electronic devices, each electronic device being integrated by pixel, the electric charges reading panel being a monocrystalline silicon panel; and

a detection layer made of a continuous layer of semiconducting material deposited in vapour phase on the electric charges reading panel.

2. (Previously Presented) Process for making an X-radiation imagery device comprising at least one detection matrix made of a semiconducting material, said detection matrix comprising pixels to convert incident X-photons into electric charges, and an electric charges reading panel including a plurality of electronic devices, each electronic device being integrated by pixel, wherein each detection matrix is obtained by vapour phase deposition of a semiconductor on the electric charges reading panel, each detecting matrix including a detection layer made of a continuous layer of semiconducting material formed on the electric charges reading panel, the electric charges reading panel being a monocrystalline silicon panel.

- 3. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 2, in which the evaporation properties of this semiconductor are such that the deposition can be done at a temperature lower than a temperature that damages the electronic devices.
- 4. (Original) Process according to claim 2, in which the semiconducting material used to make the matrix of detection pixels is CdTe, HgI₂ or PbI₂.
- 5. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 2, in which electronic devices made using a process technology having a feature device size of 1.25 μm are used.
- 6. (Previously Presented) Process according to claim 2, in which electronic devices made using a process technology having a feature device size of 0.1 µm are used.
- 7. (Previously Presented) X-radiation imagery device according to claim 1, wherein the detection layer is deposited directly on the electronic devices of the electric charges reading panel in each pixel.
- 8. (Previously Presented) X-radiation imagery device according to claim 1, wherein the semiconducting material of the detection layer is crystalline silicon.
- 9. (Previously Presented) X-radiation imagery device according to claim 1, wherein each of said electronic devices comprising at least one of:

an amplifier;

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a preamplifier;
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- a filter; and
- a processing circuit.
- 10. (Previously Presented) X-radiation imagery device according to claim 9, wherein said processing circuit includes at lease one of:

a reading circuit;

an integration circuit; and

a counting circuit.

11. (Previously Presented) Method for making an X-radiation imagery device comprising at least one detection matrix made of a semiconducting material, said detection matrix comprising pixels to convert incident X-photons into electric charges, and an electric charges reading panel including a plurality of electronic devices, each electronic device being integrated by pixel, said method comprising:

forming the electronic devices on a monocrystalline silicon substrate to produce the electric charges reading panel of each detection matrix; and

vapour-phase depositing the semiconducting material on the electric charges reading panel so as to form a detection layer made of a continuous layer of the semiconducting material.

12. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 11, wherein said vapour-phase depositing comprises:

controlling a temperature of the deposition so as not to damage the electronic devices of the electric charges reading panel mad of monocrystalline silicon.

13. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 11, further comprising:

assembling more than one detection matrices to form a large area digital detector.

14. (New) X-radiation imagery device comprising at least one detection matrix made of a semiconducting material, said detection matrix comprising:

pixels to convert incident X-photons into electric charges;

an electric charges reading panel including a plurality of electronic devices, each electronic device including an amplifier and being integrated by pixel, the electric charges reading panel being a monocrystalline silicon panel; and

a detection layer made of a continuous layer of semiconducting material deposited in vapour phase on the electric charges reading panel.

- 15. (New) X-radiation imagery device according to claim 14, wherein each of said electronic devices further comprising at least one of:
 - a preamplifier;
 - a filter; and
 - a processing circuit.
- 16. (New) Method for making an X-radiation imagery device comprising at least one detection matrix made of a semiconducting material, said detection matrix comprising

pixels to convert incident X-photons into electric charges, and an electric charges reading panel including a plurality of electronic devices, said method comprising:

forming the electronic devices on a monocrystalline silicon substrate to produce the electric charges reading panel of each detection matrix, each of the electronic devices including an amplifier and being integrated by pixel; and

vapour-phase depositing the semiconducting material on the electric charges reading panel so as to form a detection layer made of a continuous layer of the semiconducting material.